# CLINTON TOWNSHIP SEWERAGE AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CLINTON)

### **COUNTY OF HUNTERDON**

**December 31, 2019** 



## CLINTON TOWNSHIP SEWERAGE AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE TOWNSHIP OF CLINTON)

### For the Years Ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

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## (A Component Unit of the Township of Clinton) Roster of Officials

### Year Ended December 31, 2019

Members of the Authority	Title
Steven Krommenhoek	Chairman
Peter Geiger	Vice Chairman
Edward Schneider	Secretary
Katrin Glode-Sethna	Treasurer
Michael Mauer	Member
Dan McTiernan	Member
Administration of the Authority	Title
Meliss Paulus	Administrator
C. Gregory Watts	General Counsel
Hatch Mott MacDonald	Engineer



### **Independent Auditors' Report**

Honorable Chairman and Members of Clinton Township Sewerage Authority Clinton Township, New Jersey

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the Township of Clinton, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the related Notes to the Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's Basic Financial Statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the Authority, as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and it's cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Budgetary Comparison Information, Roster of Officials, Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Authority Contributions to the Public Employees Retirement System identified in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the Basic Financial Statements. Such information, although not a part of the Basic Financial Statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the Basic Financial Statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the Basic Financial Statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the Basic Financial Statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's Basic Financial Statements. The Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Restricted Accounts is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the Basic Financial Statements.

The Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Restricted Accounts is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the Basic Financial Statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Basic Financial Statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the Basic Financial Statements or to the Basic Financial Statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Restricted Accounts is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the Basic Financial Statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 7, 2020 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKC, CPAs, PC

BHC, CARS, PC

July 7, 2020 Flemington, New Jersey

### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

#### Introduction

The Clinton Township Sewerage Authority (the Authority) hereby presents its Annual Financial Report prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), and related standards.

### Mission

The mission of the Authority is to protect the public health and the environment by providing environmentally sound and affordable sewerage treatment and disposal for the residents of Clinton Township.

### Responsibility and Controls

The Authority has prepared and is responsible for the financial statements and related information included in this report. The Management feels that the cost of the system should not exceed its benefits and due diligence has been taken to maintain the cost of running the plant and the system at reasonable rates and with good accounting practices.

The Authority is made up of six appointed Members.

The Authority meets on a monthly basis at an open public meeting. Individual members also periodically meet with the Auditor and General Counsel to review and gain input and guidance on the financial practices of the Authority.

Based on its present and past practices the Authority is proud to present a stable and responsible financial accounting. Its operations are conducted within a high standard of business ethics.

### **Summary of Organization**

The Sewerage Authorities Law of the State of New Jersey (L1946,c.138 as amended; RS 40:14A01, et seq.) declared it to be in the public interest and to be the policy of the State and its communities to foster and promote by all reasonable means the relief of waters from pollution and to reduce and ultimately abate the menace to the public health caused thereby. The Township of Clinton was granted express authority to create the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority to acquire, construct, maintain, operate or improve works for the collection, treatment and purification or disposal or sewerage.

The six members are appointed by the Governing Body of the Township of Clinton for five-year terms.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The Authority does not operate or maintain the sewer plant; that is the responsibility of the Town of Clinton. Operational and maintenance costs for both the plant and local sewer lines are funded from customers' fees and charges.

### Auditors

The audit is conducted by independent auditors, BKC, CPAs, PC, and is included in this report.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

This section of the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's condensed financial statements (Exhibits A and B), which follow this section.

### Financial Highlights

- 1. The Authority's total assets decreased .7% over the course of this year's operations. This was primarily due to depreciation expense decreasing the capital assets.
- 2. During the year, the Authority's operating revenues increased by 3.4%. This was due to an increase in sewer charges in the current year.
- 3. Operating expenses decreased by 7.6%. Accounts payable decreased by 24.2%. The largest decrease in expenses was for treatment costs which decreased \$71,168.
- 4. Net position decreased by .73%. Part of this decrease was a result of the decreased GASB 68 deferred outflows, which decreased to \$17,740. The decrease was also caused by the overall decrease in non-operating revenue (expenses) of \$47,749.

### Overview of Annual Financial Report

The financial statements report information about the Authority using accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector. However, rate-regulated accounting principles applicable to private sector utilities are not used by government utilities. The financial statements include Statements of Net Position, Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, Statements of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements.

The Statements of Net Position presents the financial position of the Authority on an accrual basis. The Statements of Net Position presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position are one indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the results of the Authority's activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net position changed during the year.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The Statements of Cash Flows presents changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, financing and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information, without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide disclosures and other information that is essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. Supplementary information comparing the budget to actual revenues and expenses as well as changes in restricted accounts is provided.

The system requires constant maintenance and inspection and as the sewer lines age more repair work and replacements are required.

Revenues from new applications and connections will decrease as surplus capacity becomes less available.

### Financial Analysis

The attached comparative condensed financial statements serve as the key financial data and indicators for management, monitoring and planning.

### **Availability of Financial Report**

This report is prepared in compliance with State mandates and will be made available to residents, taxpayers and any interested person or entity upon request at the Authority's office located at 79 Beaver Avenue Suite 5, Clinton, NJ 08809.

**Clinton Township Sewerage Authority** 

### Management's Discussion and Analysis Condensed Financial Statements

### **Condensed Statement of Net Position**

Exhibit A

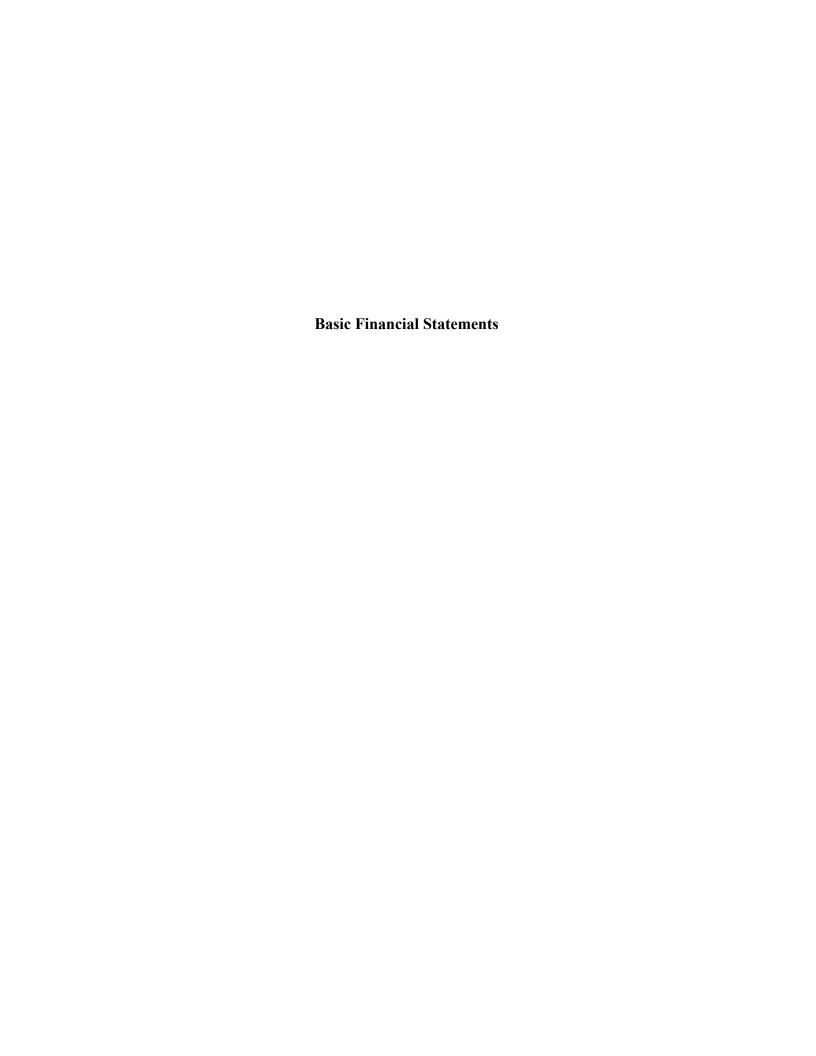
	December 31,			Increase		
	2019	19 2018			(Decrease)	
Assets						
Current assets						
Unrestricted assets	\$ 493,496	\$	602,650	\$	(109,154)	
Restricted assets	2,194,886		1,904,406		290,480	
Capital assets, net	 9,211,341		9,479,862		(268,521)	
Total current assets	11,899,723		11,986,918		(87,195)	
Deferred outflows of resources	38,097		55,837		(17,740)	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,937,820	\$	12,042,755	\$	(104,935)	
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Unrestricted	\$ 416,343	\$	543,065	\$	(126,722)	
Restricted	1,242,483		1,037,040		205,443	
Non-current liabilities	987,030		1,104,316		(117,286)	
Total liabilities	2,645,856		2,684,421		(38,565)	
Deferred inflows of resources	 63,331		61,387		1,944	
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets	8,290,662		8,451,373		(160,711)	
Restricted	952,403		867,366		85,037	
Unrestricted	(14,432)		(21,792)		7,360	
Total net position	9,228,633		9,296,947		(68,314)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and net position	\$ 11,937,820	\$	12,042,755	\$	(104,935)	

### Management's Discussion and Analysis Condensed Financial Statements (continued)

### **Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**

Exhibit B

		For the Y	ear E	Ended			
		December 31,			Increase		
	2019			2018		(Decrease)	
Operating revenues	\$	1,224,690	\$	1,184,853	\$	39,837	
Operating expenses		1,309,863		1,417,562		(107,699)	
Operating income (loss)		(85,173)		(232,709)		147,536	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		16,859		64,608		(47,749)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		(68,314)		(168,101)		99,787	
Net position beginning of year		9,296,947		9,465,048		(168,101)	
Net position end of year	\$	9,228,633	\$	9,296,947	\$	(68,314)	



# Statements of Net Position December 31,

	2019	
Assets		
Current unrestricted assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 406,478	\$ 544,826
Accounts receivable	87,018	57,824
Total unrestricted assets	493,496	602,650
Non-current restricted assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	986,446	904,919
Funds held in escrow	1,208,440	999,487
Total restricted assets	2,194,886	1,904,406
Capital assets		
Capital assets being depreciated	12,932,219	12,932,219
Capital assets not being depreciated	300,000	300,000
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,020,878)	(3,752,357)
Net capital assets	9,211,341	9,479,862
Total assets	11,899,723	11,986,918
Deferred outflows of resources	38,097	55,837
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,937,820	\$ 12,042,755

# Statements of Net Position (continued) December 31,

	2019		2018	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	188,009	\$	248,196
Accrued sick pay		10,100		10,285
Current portion of loan payable		106,071		107,810
Unearned revenue		112,163		176,774
Total current liabilities		416,343		543,065
Current liabilities (payable from restricted assets) Trust funds				
Reserve for developers deposits		34,043		37,553
Accrued treatment costs		1,208,440		999,487
Total current liabilities (payable from restricted assets)		1,242,483		1,037,040
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term portion of loan payable		814,608		920,679
Net pension liability		172,422		183,637
Total non-current liabilities		987,030		1,104,316
Total liabilities		2,645,856		2,684,421
Deferred inflows of resources		63,331		61,387
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		8,290,662		8,451,373
Restricted		952,403		867,366
Unrestricted		(14,432)		(21,792)
Total net position		9,228,633		9,296,947
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 1	1,937,820	\$	12,042,755

## Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended December 31,

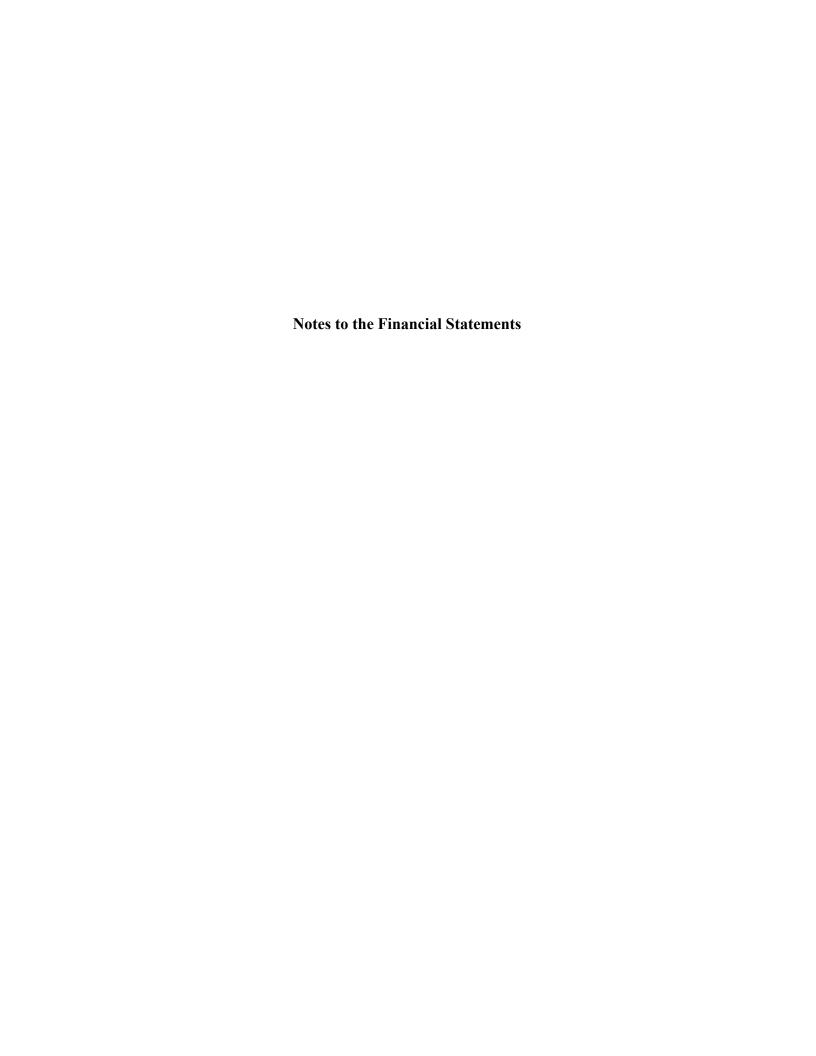
	2019	2018
Operating revenues		
Sewer charges	\$ 1,211,586	\$ 1,171,886
Late charges and fees	7,764	11,907
Interest income	648	1,060
Miscellaneous	4,692	
Total operating revenues	1,224,690	1,184,853
Operating expenses		
Cost of providing services	806,019	897,161
Administrative and general	235,323	265,898
Depreciation	268,521	254,503
Total operating expenses	1,309,863	1,417,562
Operating income (loss)	(85,173)	(232,709)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)		
Connection fees	11,675	75,489
Interest income - unrestricted	26,744	17,434
Interest income - restricted	33	36
NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust credits	10,132	6,124
Interest expense	(31,725)	(34,475)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	16,859	64,608
Change in net position	(68,314)	(168,101)
Net position, beginning	9,296,947	9,465,048
Net position, ending	\$ 9,228,633	\$ 9,296,947

### Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31,

	 2019	 2018
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,187,084	\$ 1,209,817
Other operating cash receipts	7,764	11,907
Cash payments to suppliers and employees	(1,093,245)	(1,079,604)
Interest income	648	 1,060
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	102,251	143,180
Cash flow from capital and related financing activities		
Connection fees	11,675	75,489
Non-operating interest income	26,777	17,472
Proceeds from developer's deposits (net)	(3,510)	2,493
NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust credits	10,132	6,124
Capital expenditures	-	(619,902)
Payment of debt principal	(107,810)	(109,490)
Payment of debt interest	(31,725)	(34,475)
Unearned revenue	(64,611)	176,774
Net cash (used for) provided by capital and related financing activities	 (159,072)	(485,515)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(56,821)	(342,335)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	 1,449,745	 1,792,080
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 1,392,924	\$ 1,449,745
Reconciliation of balance sheet		
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 406,478	\$ 544,826
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	 986,446	904,919
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,392,924	\$ 1,449,745

# Statements of Cash Flows (continued) For the Years Ended December 31,

	 2019	2018
Reconciliation of income (loss) from operations to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities  Operating income (loss)	\$ (85,173)	\$ (232,709)
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to		
net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		
Depreciation	268,521	254,503
Change in assets and liabilities		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(60,187)	72,795
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(29,194)	37,931
Increase (decrease) in accrued sick pay	(185)	1,027
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflow of resources	1,944	18,555
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflow of resources	17,740	20,828
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	(11,215)	(29,750)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 102,251	\$ 143,180



### Note 1 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies</u>

The financial statements of the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority (the Authority) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to Governmental Units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the Authority's accounting policies are described below.

### Reporting entity

The Authority (a component unit of the Township of Clinton) was created in accordance with the State Municipal Utilities Authorities Law (PL 1957, Chapter 183) by ordinance of the Township of Clinton in 1975 to construct and operate a sanitary sewer collection system in the Township of Clinton, Hunterdon County, New Jersey.

The Authority consists of six officials appointed by the Township of Clinton and is responsible for the fiscal control of the operations of the sewer system. Since the Authority issues its own financial statements its financial activity is not included in the financial statements of the Township of Clinton.

### Basis of presentation - fund accounting

The operations of the Authority are recorded in a proprietary fund type. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are financed and operated in a manner similar to business enterprises and the intention is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis are to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

### Basis of accounting

The Authority's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of proprietary fund types. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses are recorded as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to the Authority is determined by its measurement focus. The transactions of the Authority are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, liabilities and deferred inflow or outflow of resources associated with the operations are included on the Statements of Net Position. The net position (i.e., total assets net of total liabilities) is segregated into invested capital assets, restricted and unrestricted components.

### Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent net assets and liabilities at the Statements of Net Position date and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation expense, among other accounts. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

### Budget and budgetary accounting

At least 60 days prior to the Authority's year-end (December 31), the Authority must file its operating budget with the Director of the State of New Jersey Division of Local Government Services for approval. Within 45 days after receipt of the Authority's budget, the Director shall either approve or notify the Authority of the reasons for non-approval of the budget and to state the conditions upon which the approval will be granted. After approval, the Authority will formally adopt the budget. The budget is prepared based on the accounting principles and practices as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services.

### Income taxes

The Authority is a component unit of the Township of Clinton and is not required to file tax returns. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements.

#### Restricted assets

The Authority has restricted the below summarized accounts which may only be utilized for the purposes indicated:

Account	Use for which Restricted
Reserve for Developer's	Funds required by the Authority to assure payment of
Deposits	performance
Reserve for Accrued	Funds held in escrow by the attorney relating to accrued
Treatment Costs	treatment costs.
Reserve for State	Required employee and employer contribution to State
Unemployment	Unemployment Insurance Fund - Reimbursement Method
Reserve for	Construction and/or reconstruction of assets including the
Construction	construction of the Annandale collection system project.
Reserve for Renewals	
and Replacements	Renewals and replacements funded by budget appropriations

#### Net position

Net position represents the difference between the summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified into the following three components:

### Note 1 - <u>Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)</u>

### Net position (continued)

- Net investment in Capital Assets This component represents capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- *Unrestricted* Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amount on pension activity. In addition to liabilities, the Statements of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, deferred amount on pension activity.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and the related assets are capitalized at cost, which includes direct construction costs and other expenditures related to construction. Depreciation on assets acquired with grants-in-aid is recorded as a reduction of contributed capital. Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Pump stations	30 - 75 years
Sewer mains	50 - 75 years
Maintenance equipment	5 - 25 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Office equipment/furniture	5 - 10 years

### Note 2 - Deposits, cash equivalents, and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash and certificates of deposit in banks. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority had no investments.

### Note 2 - Deposits, cash equivalents, and investments (continued)

New Jersey Governmental Units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey Governmental Units. In addition, other state statutes permit investments in obligations issued by local authorities and other state agencies. The State of New Jersey does not place any limit on the amount that the Authority may invest with any one issuer.

New Jersey Governmental Units are limited as to the types of investments and types of financial institutions they may invest in. New Jersey Statute 18A:20-37 provides a list of permissible investments that may be purchased by New Jersey Governmental Units.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of Governmental Units. The statute requires that no Governmental Unit shall deposit public funds in a public depository unless such funds are secured in accordance with the Act. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both state and national banks) and saving banks the deposits of which are federally insured.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits might not be recovered. The Authority does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. New Jersey statutes require cash be deposited only in New Jersey based banking institutions that participate in the New Jersey Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA) or in qualified investments established in New Jersey Statutes 40A:5-15.1(a) that are treated as cash equivalents. Under the act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Public funds owned by the Authority in excess of FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds, employee salary withholdings, or funds that may pass to the Authority relative to the happening of a future condition.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	2019	2018
Deposits Insured by the FDIC	\$ 282,724	\$ 285,339
Deposits Insured by GUDPA	1,115,637_	1,190,827
Total bank balances	\$ 1,398,361	\$ 1,476,166

The Authority's carrying (Statements of Net Position) amounts were \$1,392,924 and \$1,449,745 for December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

### Note 3 - Authority revenues

Sewer charges and reserve capacity fees are charged on a rate as approved annually by the governing body. Bills are payable in quarterly installments and delinquent accounts may be included as part of the Township of Clinton's annual tax sale.

#### Connection fees

The Authority receives payments for connection fees when new users connect to the sewer system. The Authority does not supply the user with supplies or services to make the physical connection and is therefore considered a non-exchange transaction. The Authority recognizes the revenue in the period that the user connects to the system.

### Note 4 - Pension plans

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS)

### Plan description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at <a href="https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions">www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions</a>.

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS.

The following represents the membership Tiers for PERS:

Tier	Definition
1	Members enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
2	Members eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
3	Members eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
4	Members eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
5	Members eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to Tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to Tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and Tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to Tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, Tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and Tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective Tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective Tier.

### Note 4 - Pension plans (continued)

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

Allocation methodology and reconciliation to financial statements

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, requires participating employers in PERS to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources and collective pension expense. The employer allocation percentages presented in the Schedule of Employer Allocations and applied to amounts presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer are based on the ratio of the contributions of an individual employer to the total contributions to PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2019. Employer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes; therefore, amounts presented in the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer may result in immaterial differences. Contributions from employers are recognized when due, based on statutory requirements.

Although the Division administers one cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the disclosure of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each individual employer of the state and local groups of the plan.

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, the Division maintains separate accounts to identify additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the Schedule of Employer Allocations are applied to amounts presented in the Schedules of Pension Amounts by Employer. The allocation percentages for each group as of June 30, 2019, are based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to total employer contributions of the group for the State fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the state. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for non-contributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For State fiscal year 2019, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount.

### Note 4 - <u>Pension plans (continued)</u>

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

### Contributions (continued)

The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, PL 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The Actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

The contribution rate was 7.50% of base salary effective July 1, 2018.

### Two-year trend information for PERS

	Annual Contribution			
Year Funded	Au	Authority		
2019	\$	9,277	\$	5,287
2018		8,492		5,046

### Collective net pension liability and actuarial information

The components of the Authority's allocable share of the net pension liability for PERS as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

		2019	2018	
Net pension liability	\$	172,422	\$	183,637
Proportionate share	0.000	09503064%	0.000	09326600%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total pension liability		56.27%		53.60%

#### Actuarial assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2019 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2019. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

	lation	
1111	lation	· raic

Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary increases (based on years of service)	

Through 2026	2.00% - 6.00%
Thereafter	3.00% - 7.00%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

### Note 4 - Pension plans (continued)

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

Collective net pension liability and actuarial information (continued)

Actuarial assumptions (continued)

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2018. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

### Long-term expected rate of return

In accordance with state statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2019) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the Board of Trustees, and the Actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

### Note 4 - <u>Pension plans (continued)</u>

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)
Collective net pension liability and actuarial information (continued)
Long-term expected rate of return (continued)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate of
Asset Class	Allocations	Return
Risk mitigation strategies	3.00%	4.67%
Cash equivalents	5.00%	2.00%
U.S. Treasuries	5.00%	2.68%
Investment grade credit	10.00%	4.25%
High yield	2.00%	5.37%
Private credit	6.00%	7.92%
Real assets	2.50%	9.31%
Real estate	7.50%	8.33%
U.S. equity	28.0%	8.26%
Non-U.S. developed markets equity	12.50%	9.00%
Emerging markets equity	6.50%	11.37%
Private equity	12.00%	10.85%

### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of June 30, 2019. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.50% as of June 30, 2019, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be based on 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2057. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2057 and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

### Note 4 - Pension plans (continued)

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

Collective net pension liability and actuarial information (continued)

Sensitivity of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability		2019
At current discount rate (6.28%)	\$	172,422
At a 1% lower rate (5.28%)		217,797
At a 1% higher rate (7.28%)		134,187
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability		2018
At current discount rate (5.66%)	\$	183,637
At a 1% lower rate (4.66%)		230,901
At a 1% higher rate (6.66%)		143,984

### Collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources

At December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	2019			20	18			
	Deferred Deferred		D	Deferred		eferred		
	O	utflows	I	nflows	O	utflows	I	nflows
	of F	Resources	of F	Resources	of F	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			_		_			
experience	\$	3,095	\$	762	\$	3,502	\$	947
Changes of assumptions		17,217		59,847		30,260		58,717
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension								
plan investments		-		2,722		-		1,723
Changes in proportion and differences between Authority contributions and proportionate share								
of contributions		17,785		_		22,075		
Total	\$	38,097	\$	63,331	\$	55,837	\$	61,387

### Note 4 - Pension plans (continued)

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

Collective net pension liability and actuarial information (continued)

Collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (continued)

The following presents a summary of changes in the collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (excluding employer specific amounts) for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018:

December 31, 2019		Seginning Balance	N	et Change		Ending Balance
Deferred outflows of resources				er enunge		
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	\$	3,502	\$	(407)	\$	3,095
Changes of assumptions		30,260		(13,043)		17,217
Deferred inflows of resources						
Differences between expected						
and actual experience		(947)		185		(762)
Changes of assumptions		(58,717)		(1,130)		(59,847)
Differences between						
projected and actual investment earnings on						
pension plan investments		(1,723)		(999)		(2,722)
Net changes in deferred	-	(1,723)		(777)		(2,722)
outflows (inflows) of resources	\$	(27,625)	\$	(15,394)	\$	(43,019)
		eginning				Ending
December 31, 2018		Beginning Balance	N	et Change		Ending Balance
Deferred outflows of resources			N6	et Change		
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected		Balance			1	Balance
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience		Balance 5,112	N6	(1,610)		Balance 3,502
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		Balance			1	Balance
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources		Balance 5,112		(1,610)	1	Balance 3,502
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected		Balance 5,112		(1,610) (13,480)	1	3,502 30,260
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience		5,112 43,740		(1,610) (13,480) (947)	1	3,502 30,260 (947)
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		Balance 5,112		(1,610) (13,480)	1	3,502 30,260
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Differences between		5,112 43,740		(1,610) (13,480) (947)	1	3,502 30,260 (947)
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Differences between projected and actual		5,112 43,740		(1,610) (13,480) (947)	1	3,502 30,260 (947)
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Differences between		5,112 43,740		(1,610) (13,480) (947)	1	3,502 30,260 (947)
Deferred outflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings on		5,112 43,740 - (43,579)		(1,610) (13,480) (947) (15,138)	1	3,502 30,260 (947) (58,717)

### Note 4 - Pension plans (continued)

Public employees' retirement systems (PERS) (continued)

Collective net pension liability and actuarial information (continued)

Collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (excluding employer specific amounts, deferrals from the Municipality's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and deferrals from change on proportion) will occur in future periods for the year ending December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019		2018
2020	\$ (4,979)	2019	\$ 1,275
2021	(16,151)	2020	(1,765)
2022	(14,422)	2021	(12,654)
2023	(6,772)	2022	(10,968)
2024	(695)	2023	(3,513)
Total	\$ (43,019)	Total	\$ (27,625)

### Pension expense

The components of allocable pension expense, which exclude pension expense related to specific liabilities of individual employers, for the Authority for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

2019		2018
\$ 6,640	\$	8,669
19,683		20,838
(4,574)		(4,978)
121		138
(12,213)		(13,083)
(57)		(77)
1,482		1,405
(4,529)		(1,618)
1,441_		(1,114)
\$ 7,994	\$	10,180
	\$ 6,640 19,683 (4,574) 121 (12,213) (57) 1,482 (4,529) 1,441	\$ 6,640 \$ 19,683 (4,574) 121 (12,213) (57) 1,482 (4,529) 1,441

Note 5 - <u>Capital assets</u>
A summary of changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation is as follows:

Beginning December 31, 2019 Balance			,	Additions	г	Disposals	Ending Balance			
		Dalance		<u>raditions</u>		risposais		Datance		
Sewer distribution system	Ф	6 602 052	Ф		Ф		Ф	6 692 052		
Contributed	\$	6,683,053	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,683,053		
Constructed		5,882,115		-		-		5,882,115		
Maintenance equipment		272,485		-		-		272,485		
Vehicles		41,562		-		-		41,562		
Office equipment/furniture		53,004		-		-		53,004		
Sewer capacity purchased		300,000						300,000		
Total capital assets		13,232,219		-		-		13,232,219		
Accumulated depreciation		(3,752,357)		(268,521)				(4,020,878)		
Capital assets, net	\$	9,479,862	\$	(268,521)	\$	-	\$	9,211,341		
December 31, 2018	Beginning Balance		A	Additions	Γ	Disposals	Ending Balance			
Sewer distribution system	-	_								
Contributed	\$	6,683,053	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,683,053		
Constructed		5,235,785		646,330		=		5,882,115		
Construction in progress		125,583		520,747		646,330		-		
Maintenance equipment		178,565		99,155		5,235		272,485		
Vehicles		41,562		-		-		41,562		
Office equipment/furniture		53,004		_		_		53,004		
Sewer capacity purchased		300,000						300,000		
Total capital assets		12,617,552		1,266,232		651,565		13,232,219		
Transfers		-		(646,330)		(646,330)		-		
Accumulated depreciation		(3,503,089)		(254,503)		(5,235)		(3,752,357)		
Capital assets, net	\$	9,114,463	\$	365,399	\$		\$	9,479,862		

### Note 6 - <u>Long-term liabilities</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	В	eginning						Ending	Due Within		
December 31, 2019	]	Balance		tions	Re	eduction	]	Balance	1 Year		
Net pension liability NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust	\$	183,637	\$	-	\$	11,215	\$	172,422	\$	-	
2004 interest free loan		69,306		-		13,073		56,233		12,589	
2006 loan		110,000		-		15,000		95,000		15,000	
2010 interest free loan		339,183		-		39,737		299,446		38,482	
2011 loan		510,000				40,000		470,000		40,000	
Total	\$	1,212,126	\$		\$	119,025		1,093,101	\$	106,071	

### Note 6 - <u>Long-term liabilities</u>

December 31, 2018	Ado	Additions Reduction			Ending Balance	Due Within 1 Year		
Net pension liability NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust	\$ <u>Balance</u> 213,387	\$	-	\$	29,750	\$ 183,637	\$	-
2004 interest free loan	82,864		-		13,558	69,306		13,073
2006 loan	125,000		-		15,000	110,000		15,000
2010 interest free loan	380,115		-		40,932	339,183		39,737
2011 loan	 550,000				40,000	 510,000		40,000
Total	\$ 1,351,366	\$		\$	139,240	\$ 1,212,126	\$	107,810

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt are listed as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Principal		]	Interest	Total		
2020	\$	106,071	\$	28,875	\$	134,946	
2021		120,492		25,925		146,417	
2022		118,366		22,450		140,816	
2023		123,804		18,975		142,779	
2024		108,542		15,375		123,917	
2025 - 2028		343,404		30,750		374,154	
	\$	920,679	\$	142,350	\$	1,063,029	

Outstanding loan balances due to the NJ Environmental Infrastructure Trust are comprised of the following as of December 31,:

	 2019	 2018
\$265,000 loan due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$20,000 beginning August 1, 2006 through August 1, 2024, interest from 3.00% to 4.375%.	\$ 95,000	\$ 110,000
\$255,057 interest free loan due in annual installments of \$6,519.36 to \$15,335.84 beginning August 1, 2005 through August 1, 2023.	56,233	69,306
\$795,000 loan due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$65,000 beginning August 1, 2011 through August 1, 2028, interest from 5.00% to 5.25%.	470,000	510,000
\$697,714 interest free loan due in annual installments of \$38,482 to \$41,381 beginning February 1, 2010 through		
August 1, 2027.	 299,446	 339,183
	\$ 920,679	\$ 1,028,489

### Note 7 - <u>Compensated absences</u>

The Authority has allowed unused sick time to be accumulated to a maximum of 120 days per employee. Up to one half of accumulated sick days may be paid upon disability or retirement or compensating time-off may be taken. If present employees were eligible for this benefit at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the liability to the Authority would be approximately \$10,100 and \$10,285, respectively. Compensation in lieu of unused vacation days is not permitted.

#### Note 8 - Unearned revenue

The Authority received monies from an insurance claim for damages to the Stem Pump Station in 2018. As of December 31, 2019, the repairs were not completed. Once the repairs are completed the liability will be satisfied and the revenue will be recognized.

### Note 9 - Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance - Risks of losses from worker's compensation, property, automobile, and public official's liability are covered by insurance with New Jersey Utilities Authorities Joint Insurance Fund, plus separate policies for employee bonds and official's liability. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance and there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or the three prior years.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance - The Authority has elected to fund its NJ Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the Benefit Reimbursement Method. Under this plan, the Authority is required to reimburse the NJ Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The Authority is billed quarterly for amounts due to the State. The following is a summary of Authority contributions, and interest earnings, employee contributions, reimbursements to the State for benefits paid and the ending balance of the Authority's Unemployment Trust Fund:

	Auth	ority	Int	erest	Emp	loyee	Ame	ount	E	nding
Fiscal Year	Dep	osits	Ear	nings	Dep	osits	Reiml	oursed	B	alance
2019	\$	_	\$	37	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,129
2018		-		32		_		_		6,092

### Note 10 - Litigation

The Authority is presently in litigation with other plaintiffs against the municipality which treats sanitary sewerage emanating from respective sewer service areas alleging improper charging of treatment costs by the municipality.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Authority has withheld \$1,208,440 and \$999,487, respectively, from the municipality for sanitary sewer treatment costs which are in dispute. These monies are being held in escrow until the litigation is settled.

### Note 11 - <u>Subsequent events</u>

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (The "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. As such, it is uncertain as to the full magnitude that the pandemic will have on the Authority's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of operations. Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 7, 2020, the date the financial statement were available to be issued. The spread of the COVID-19 Coronavirus has resulted in stay-at-home orders issued by the State of New Jersey and the impact may be only temporary. However, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.



# Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employees Retirement System Last Seven Years

### Unaudited

			Yea	r Ending December	:31,		
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0009569187%	% 0.0009326600%	0.0009166734%	0.0008721437%	0.0007973417%	0.0007085277%	0.0006862827%
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	\$ 172,422	\$ 183,637	\$ 213,387	\$ 258,304	\$ 178,987	\$ 132,656	\$ 131,162
Authority's covered employee payroll	70,500	68,000	65,500	63,500	60,000	55,000	49,000
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	244.57%	% 270.05%	325.78%	406.78%	298.31%	241.19%	267.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	56.27%	6 53.60%	48.10%	40.14%	47.93%	52.08%	48.72%

### Schedule of the Authority's Contributions to the **Public Employees Retirement System Last Seven Years** Unaudited

Year Ending December 31, 2019 2018 2017 2015 2014 2013 2016 Contractually required contributions 9,308 \$ 9,277 \$ 8,492 \$ 7,748 \$ 5,841 \$ \$ 6,855 \$ 5,171 Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution 9,308 9,277 8,492 7,748 6,855 5,841 5,085 Contribution deficiency (excess) \$ 86 Authority's covered employee \$ 70,500 \$ payroll 68,000 \$ 63,500 \$ 60,000 \$ 55,000 \$ 65,500 \$ 49,000 Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll

13.20%

13.64%

12.96%

12.20%

11.43%

10.62%

10.55%

### CLINTON TOWNSHIP SEWERAGE AUTHORITY Notes to the Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) December 31, 2019

Note 1 - <u>Changes in benefit term assumptions - pension</u> There were no changes in benefit terms.

### Note 2 - Changes in assumptions - pension

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.28% as of the June 30, 2019 plan measurement date and 5.66% as of the June 30, 2018 plan measurement date. The single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and 7.00% and municipal bond rates of 3.50% and 3.87% for the respective plan measurement dates of June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018.

### Schedule of Changes in Net Position - Restricted Accounts For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Trust	Fun	ds								
			Accrued			State				Total		
	De	veloper's	,	Treatment		Unemployment		Renewals &		Net		
	<u></u>	Deposits		Costs	Insurance		Replacements		Position			Total
Balance at beginning of year	\$	37,553	\$	999,487	\$	6,092	\$	861,274	\$	867,366	\$	1,904,406
Additions												
Interest income		4		-		37		-		37		41
Budgeted contribution		-		_		-		85,000		85,000		85,000
Deposits received		7,387		208,953		-		-		-		216,340
Total additions		7,391	_	208,953		37		85,000		85,037		301,381
Deductions												
Developer's fees		10,901		-				_				10,901
Balance at end of year	\$	34,043	\$	1,208,440	\$	6,129	\$	946,274	\$	952,403	\$	2,194,886

### Schedule of Budgetary Comparison Information For the Years Ended

	December 31, 2019				December 31, 2018			
	Ţ	Unaudited			Ţ	Unaudited		
		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenues								
Net position appropriated	\$	91,835	\$	91,835	\$	92,965	\$	92,965
Operating revenues								
User charges and fees		1,193,000		1,211,586		1,185,000		1,171,886
Late charges and fees		5,000		7,764		10,000		11,907
Interest income		15,000		27,392		12,000		18,494
Connection fees		, -		11,675		, -		75,489
NJEIT (NJIB) credit		_		10,132		_		6,124
Miscellaneous		_		4,692		_		
Total operating revenues		1,213,000		1,273,241	_	1,207,000	_	1,283,900
1 0					_		_	
Total revenues	\$	1,304,835	\$	1,365,076	\$	1,299,965	\$	1,376,865
Expenses								
Administrative and general								
Salaries and wages	\$	110,400	\$	98,080	\$	96,000	\$	89,657
Public Employee's Retirement System		9,550		9,277		8,900		8,492
Pension net liability - GASB 68		<u>-</u>		8,469		· -		9,633
Payroll taxes		8,500		10,408		7,400		7,350
Unemployment compensation		100		_		100		_
Health insurance		8,500		7,860		8,000		8,404
Dental insurance		550		484		1,200		474
Legal fees		30,000		23,238		30,000		67,542
Engineering fees		25,000		9,715		25,000		5,827
Auditing and accounting fees		22,000		21,180		22,200		20,243
Insurance		12,000		14,168		12,000		10,477
Office supplies and expenses		1,500		2,314		1,500		2,934
Postage		2,500		2,761		2,500		2,850
Computer expenses		3,500		4,168		3,000		2,465
Director's fees		6,100		6,100		6,100		6,100
Telephone		5,000		4,281		10,000		10,045
Rent		9,000		9,000		9,000		9,000

# CLINTON TOWNSHIP SEWERAGE AUTHORITY Schedule of Budgetary Comparison Information (continued) For the Years Ended

	Decembe	er 31, 2019	December 31, 2018			
	Unaudited		Unaudited			
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual		
Expenses (continued)						
Administrative and general (continued)						
Education	\$ 1,500	\$ -	\$ 1,000	\$ -		
Advertising	500	364	500	216		
Debt service administrative fee	3,200	3,180	3,200	3,180		
Miscellaneous - contingency	1,000	276	1,000	1,009		
Total administrative and general	260,400	235,323	248,600	265,898		
Cost of providing services						
Capacity reserve - Deer Meadow	2,100	1,023	2,100	2,046		
Repairs and maintenance supplies	15,000	4,325	30,000	15,672		
Electric	30,000	31,433	30,000	34,916		
Water service	1,000	1,027	800	690		
Treatment cost	550,000	556,867	550,000	628,035		
Calibration	7,500	6,363	5,000	6,316		
Maintenance labor - operator	159,000	148,630	147,000	158,295		
Maintenance labor - contracted	51,000	53,138	51,000	46,852		
Travel	2,500	1,393	2,000	2,376		
NJ on-call	1,800	1,820	1,500	1,963		
Geographic information system	_		3,000			
Total cost of providing services	819,900	806,019	822,400	897,161		
Reserves and capital outlay						
Renewals and replacements reserve	85,000	85,000	85,000	85,000		
Debt service						
Principal	107,810	107,810	109,490	109,490		
Interest	31,725	31,725	34,475	34,475		
Total debt service	139,535	139,535	143,965	143,965		
Total expenses	\$ 1,304,835	\$ 1,265,877	\$ 1,299,965	\$ 1,392,024		



### Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Chairman and Members of the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority Clinton Township, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clinton Township Sewerage Authority's (the Authority) (a component unit of the Township of Clinton) Basic Financial Statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 7, 2020.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Bureau of Authority Regulation, Division of Local Government Services, and the Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BHC, CHAS, PC BKC, CPAS, PC

July 7, 2020 Flemington, New Jersey

### **CLINTON TOWNSHIP SEWERAGE AUTHORITY Schedule of Findings and Responses**

### **General Comments and Recommendations**

No findings, questioned costs, or recommendations have been developed as a result of this audit.

### Status of Prior Year's Audit Findings/Recommendations

There were no prior year findings.

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We would be pleased to confer on questions that might arise with respect to any matters in this report.

We wish to express our appreciation for the assistance and courtesies rendered by the Authority officials and employees during the course of the examination.

BHC, CAUS, PC BKC, CPAS, PC